## Fiche analytique – Mémoire de Master MUSE

A rendre au secrétariat lors de l'inscription à la soutenance du mémoire

## \* champs obligatoires

AUTEUR*	NOM : Hatch	PRENOM : Jason				
TITRE MEMOIRE*	International Wildlife Law – Its Role in Halting Mass Extinction and Biodiversity Loss, Mitigating Climate Change, Reducing Zoonotic Disease Emergence, and Help Achieve the Sustainable Development Goals					
NUMERO MEMOIRE					610	
DATE SOUTENANCE	24.09.2024 Salle: En ligne sur Zoom Heure: 13h00		ure: 13h00			
THEMATIQUE* (AFFILIATION)	IC – Impacts Climatiques					
VOLEE MUSE*	2019					
TITRE ACADEMIQUE* (par ex.: licencié en biologie)	Bachelor in Earth Sciences and Business Administration					
DIRECTION* / EVALUATION	Directeur de mémoire* Prof. Makane Moïse Mbengue	Co-directeur	r de mémoire* Nom(s) du ou des juré(s)*		s) du ou des juré(s)*	
STAGE (éventuel)	Organisme d'accueil Maître		Maître de stag -	e de stage		
Projet de l'ISE (éventuel) auquel le mémoire est rattaché	1					
Bourse (éventuelle) reçue par l'étudiant	-					
COLLATION*	Nb de pages* 170	Nb de figures* 16		Nb de tableaux* 3		
TERRAIN D'ETUDE OU D'APPLICATION						
MOTS-CLES* (entre 5 et 10)	International Wildlife Law / Biodiversity Loss / Climate Change / Endangered Species / Mass Extinction / International Conventions / Animal Welfare / Keystone Species / SDGs / One Health					
RESUME* (max 1500 car)						
SUMMARY* (en anglais)	We are living through the dual crises of biodiversity loss and climate change. Since 1970, the populations of wild animals have reduced by 69%, originating a sixth mass extinction event. We are intruding always more into wildlife habitats, which drives emerging zoonotic diseases such as COVID-19. All of these global problems are caused by humans, initiating a new geological epoch that geologists are calling Anthropocene, and often these problems arise from the way we have been treating animals and the natural environment. There have been efforts to try to preserve wildlife worldwide, at a national and international level, in an attempt to conserve species for human use as well as protect species for their own sake. This study explores the evolution of international wildlife law and its effectiveness in conserving and protecting species. International wildlife law stands within the convergence of international environmental law and animal law, touching a wide range of topics including endangered species protection, international illegal wildlife trade and animal welfare. With a truly interdisciplinary approach, this master thesis highlights the potential central role international wildlife law has in helping to tackle biodiversity loss and climate change, but also reduce the risks of emerging zoonotic diseases and help achieve					

	the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).
	This interdisciplinary thesis puts together legal, scientific, philosophical, economic and social topics together that, just like wildlife, slither, fly, run and creep across the pages and joins a new wave of studies trying to push this evolving and ever-more important discipline to a better place. A place where wildlife, humans, and future generations are better off.
REMARQUES	

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